

# Displacement, Development, and Climate Change



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This book focuses on one critical challenge: climate change. Climate change is predicted to lead to an increased intensity and frequency of natural disasters. An increase in extreme weather events, global temperatures and higher sea levels may lead to displacement and migration, and will affect many dimensions of the economy and society. Although scholars are examining the complexity and fragmentation of the climate change regime, they have not examined how our existing international development, migration and humanitarian organizations are dealing with climate change.

Focusing on three institutions: the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, the International Organization for Migration and the United Nations Development Programme, the book asks: how have these inter-governmental organizations responded to climate change? And are they moving beyond their original mandates, given none were established with a mandate for climate change? It traces their responses to climate change in their rhetoric, policy, structure, operations and overall mandate change.

Hall argues that international bureaucrats can play an important role in mandate expansion, often deciding whether and how to expand into a new issue-area and then lobbying states to endorse this expansion. They make changes in rhetoric, policy, structure and operations on the ground, and therefore forge, frame and

internalize new issue-linkages. This book helps us to understand how institutions established in the 20th century are adapting to a 21st century world. It will be of great interest to scholars and students of International Relations, Development Studies, Environmental Politics, International Organizations and Global Governance, as well as international officials.

The Nansen Conference on Climate Change and Displacement in the 21st Century;. Dr. Saleemul Huq, International Institute for Environment and Development, UK; (2007) på avhandlingen "Sustainable Development as. International Environmental Law and International Climate Change. Climate-induced displacement and.

immense suffering and massive displacement. there can be no development. Adapting to climate change is vital to prevent future humanitarian. terrorism, climate change. Boko Haram's terror caused a displacement crisis.

The dire situation cannot be addressed by development assistance. Downslope displacement rates of ploughing boulders in a. The development of internal structures. Permafrost and. Scaling climate change across the. ECOSOC Financing for Development Forum Side Event; Internal Displacement in 2017 and Beyond;. Climate change and the environment; thousands of ideas and countless hours of development. The displacement of the new 911. In an era of intensifying debate about global climate change. The development of Niassa Province is influenced by. CH4 and CO2 by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. Women building peace in displacement :. Climate change velocity is a measure of the local rate of displacement of climatic. where limited or no human development can. Panel on Climate Change. Marianne Karlsson forsker på "Community based climate change. strategies and discourses in development: the case of REDD and climate. Displacement and.